### CLAIM AMENDMENTS

## Claim 1 (Currently Amended)

A thermally developable light-sensitive material comprising a support having thereon light-sensitive silver halide grains, an organic silver halide salt and a reducing agent,

wherein when a regression line is obtained by plotting color coordinates ( $u^*$ ,  $v^*$ ) of the thermally developable light-sensitive material at optical densities of 0.5, 1.0, 1.5 and the minimum density on a two dimensional coordinates of CIE 1976 ( $L^*$   $u^*$   $v^*$ ) color space, in which the abscissa is  $u^*$  and the ordinate is  $v^*$ ,

a coefficient of determination  $\ensuremath{\text{R}}^2$  of the regression line is from 0.998 to 1.000.

#### Claim 2 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 1, wherein  $v^*$  value of the regression line is within a range of -5 to 5 when  $u^*$  is 0.

### Claim 3 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 1, wherein the regression line has a gradient ( $u^*$  /  $v^*$ ) of 0.7 to 2.5.

## Claim 4 (Currently Amended)

A thermally developable light-sensitive material comprising a support having thereon light-sensitive silver halide grains, an organic silver halide salt and a reducing agent,

wherein when a regression line is obtained by plotting color coordinates (a\*, b\*) of the thermally developable light-sensitive material at optical densities of 0.5, 1.0, 1.5 and the minimum density on a two dimensional coordinates of CIE 1976 (L\* a\* b\*) color space, in which the abscissa is a\* and the ordinate is b\*,

a coefficient of determination  $\ensuremath{\text{R}^2}$  of the regression line is from 0.998 to 1.000.

## Claim 5 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 4, wherein  $b^*$  value of the regression line is within a range of -5 to 5 when  $a^*$  is 0.

## Claim 6 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 4, wherein the regression line has a gradient (a\* / b\*) of 0.7 to 2.5.

# Claim 7 (Currently Amended)

A thermally developable light-sensitive material comprising a support having thereon light-sensitive silver halide grains, an organic silver halide salt and a reducing agent,

wherein when a regression line is obtained by plotting color coordinates ( $u^*$ ,  $v^*$ ) of the thermally developable light-sensitive material at optical densities of 0.5, 1.0 and 1.5 on a two dimensional coordinates of CIE 1976 ( $L^*$   $u^*$   $v^*$ ) color space, in which the abscissa is  $u^*$  and the ordinate is  $v^*$ ,

a coefficient of determination  $\ensuremath{\text{R}^2}$  of the regression line is from 0.998 to 1.000.

## Claim 8 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 7, wherein  $v^*$  value of the regression line is within a range of -5 to 5 when  $u^*$  is 0.

### Claim 9 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 7, wherein the regression line has a gradient ( $u^*$  /  $v^*$ ) of 0.7 to 2.5.

### Claim 10 (Currently Amended)

A thermally developable light-sensitive material comprising a support having thereon light-sensitive silver halide grains, an organic silver halide salt and a reducing agent,

wherein when a regression line is obtained by plotting color coordinates (a\*, b\*) of the thermally developable light-sensitive material at optical densities of 0.5, 1.0 and 1.5 on a two dimensional coordinates of CIE 1976 (L\* a\* b\*) color space, in which the abscissa is a\* and the ordinate is b\*,

a coefficient of determination  $\ensuremath{\text{R}^2}$  of the regression line is from 0.998 to 1.000.

## Claim 11 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 10, wherein b\* value of the regression line is within a range of - 5 to 5 when a\* is 0.

#### Claim 12 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 10, wherein the regression line has a gradient  $(a^* / b^*)$  of 0.7 to 2.5.

## Claim 13 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 1, comprising a reducing agent represented by following Formula (A-1) and a compound represented by following Formula (A-4),

Formula (A-1)
$$R_{x}$$

$$C$$

$$OH$$

$$CH$$

$$CH$$

$$R_{1}$$

$$(Q_{0})_{n}$$

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{2}$$

$$R_{2}$$

wherein Z is a group of atoms necessary for forming a 3-through 10-membered ring together with the carbon atom;  $R_x$  is a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group or alkynyl group;  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $Q_0$  are each a group capable of substituting on the benzene ring; L is divalent linking group; k is an integer of 0 or 1; and n and m are each an integer of 0 through 2; plural  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $Q_0$  each may be the same or different,

## Formula (A-4)

wherein  $R_{41}$  is a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group;  $R_{42}$  is a hydrogen atom, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group or a substituted or unsubstituted acylamino group provided that  $R_{41}$  and  $R_{42}$  are not a 2-hydroxyphenylmethyl group;  $R_{43}$  is a hydrogen atom of a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl group; and  $R_{44}$  is a substituent capable of substituting on the benzene ring.

## Claim 14 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 13, wherein at least one of  $R_{41}$  and  $R_{42}$  is a divalent or trivalent alkyl group.

## Claim 15 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 13, wherein the reducing agent represented by Formula (A-1) is a reducing agent represented by following Formula (A-2),

Formula 
$$(A-2)$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_3$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_5$$

$$Q_7$$

$$Q_8$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_3$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_5$$

$$Q_7$$

$$Q_8$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_8$$

$$Q_1$$

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$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_3$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_6$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_1$$

$$Q_2$$

$$Q_3$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_4$$

$$Q_5$$

$$Q_7$$

$$Q_8$$

wherein  $Q_1$  is a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group;  $Q_2$  is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an alkynyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group; G is a nitrogen atom or a carbon atom that ng is 0 when G is the nitrogen atom and ng is 0 or 1 when the G is the oxygen atom; G is a group of atoms necessary for forming a 3- through 10-membered non-aromatic ring together with the carbon atom and G; and G are G and G are G and G are G and G are G and G and G and G and G are G and G are G and G and G and G and G are G and G and G and G and G are G and G are G and G are G and G and G are G and G

### Claim 16 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 15, wherein the non-aromatic ring formed by  $Z_2$  together with the carbon atom and G in Formula (A-2) is a 6-member non-aromatic ring.

#### Claim 17 (Original)

The thermally developable light-sensitive material of claim 1, wherein the thermally developable light-sensitive material further comprises a silver saving agent selected from the group consisting of vinyl compounds, hydrazine derivatives, silane compounds and tetravalent onium salt on the silver halide grain side of the support.

#### Claim 18 (Original)

An image forming method comprising the step of forming an image by developing the thermally developable light sensitive material described in claim 1 under a temperature of from 110  $^{\circ}$ C to 140  $^{\circ}$ C for a time of from 5 seconds to 20 seconds.

## Claim 19 (Original)

An image forming method comprising the step of forming an image by exposing the thermally developable light-sensitive material described in claim 1 with a laser having an wavelength of from 400 nm to 830 nm.

### Claim 20 (Original)

An image forming method comprising the step of forming an image by exposing the thermally developable light-sensitive material described in claim 1 with an laser having an wavelength of from 780 nm to 830 nm.